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APPENDIX II:

THE AMENDED CLAIMS:

1. (four times amended) A compound of formula I

where

 X^1 and X^2 are each oxygen or sulfur;

W is $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CN$, $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$; where

R8 is hydrogen;

 R^9 is halogen or C_1-C_6 -alkyl;

 R^{10} is $O-R^{17}$ or $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$;

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy-carbonyl- C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano, or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, or

 R^{15} and R^{16} together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated or unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic ring consisting of the nitrogen atom to which R^{15} and R^{16} are bonded and from 3 to 6 carbon ring members, or consisting of the nitrogen atom to which R^{15} and R^{16} are bonded and from 2 to 5 carbon ring members and one ring member selected from the group of -O-, -S-, -N=, -NH- and -N(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)-;

 R^{17} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_7 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, cya-

phenyl or phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where each of the phenyl radicals is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl;

R1 is halogen, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl;

R² is hydrogen or halogen;

 R^3 is hydrogen, C_1-C_6 -alkyl or C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl;

 R^4 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl or C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl;

R⁵ is hydrogen, halogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl;

or a salt or an enol form of the compound of formula I in which ${\bf R}^3$ is hydrogen.

2. (four times amended) An enol ether of a compound of formula I

where

 X^1 and X^2 are each oxygen or sulfur;

W is $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CN$, $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$; where

R8 is hydrogen;

 R^9 is halogen or C_1-C_6 -alkyl;

 R^{10} is $O-R^{17}$ or $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$;

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-carbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-carbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkoxy-carbonyl-C₂-C₆-alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano, or phenyl which is unsubsti-

tuted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, or

- R^{15} and R^{16} together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated or unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic ring consisting of the nitrogen atom to which R^{15} and R^{16} are bonded and from 3 to 6 carbon ring members, or consisting of the nitrogen atom to which R^{15} and R^{16} are bonded and from 2 to 5 carbon ring members and one ring member selected from the group of -O-, -S-, -N=, -NH- and -N(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)-;
- R¹⁷ is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_7 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, cya-no- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyloximino- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyloximino- C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,

phenyl or phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where each of the phenyl radicals is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl;

R1 is halogen, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl;

R² is hydrogen or halogen;

 R^3 is hydrogen, C_1-C_6 -alkyl or C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl;

 R^4 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl or C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl;

 R^5 is hydrogen, halogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl;

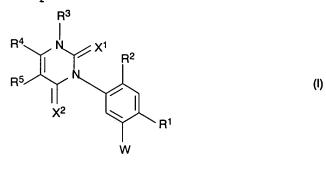
which enol ether is of formula Ia or formula Ib

$$R^4$$
 N
 X^1R^3
 R^2
 X^2
 X^2
 X^3
 X^2
 X^3
 X^3
 X^4
 X^4
 X^4
 X^4
 X^5
 X^2
 X^3
 X^4
 X^5
 X^5
 X^5
 X^5
 X^5
 X^5
 X^5
 X^5
 X^5

wherein R^3 ' is C_1-C_6 -alkyl, C_3-C_6 -alkenyl or C_3-C_6 -alkynyl, and X^1 , X^2 , R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^5 and W have the aforementioned meaning.

- 3. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1 or its salt or enol form, wherein W is $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$.
- F2
- 4. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein R^3 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl.
- 5. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1 or its salt or enol form, wherein R^2 is hydrogen or fluorine.
- 6. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1 or its salt or enol form, wherein R^1 is chlorine or bromine.
- 7. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1 or its salt or enol form, wherein R^4 is C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl.
- 12. (twice amended) A composition comprising an inert liquid or solid carrier and an effective amount of at least one compound of formula I defined in claim 1, or the salt or the enol form of the compound of formula I in which R³ is hydrogen, wherein the amount is adapted to be effective for a purpose selected from the group consisting of controlling undesirable plant growth, desiccating plants, defoliating plants, and controlling pests.
- Ka
- 13. (twice amended) A method for controlling undesirable plant growth, wherein an effective amount of the compound of formula I defined in claim 1, or the salt or the enol form of the compound of formula I in which R³ is hydrogen, is allowed to act on plants, on their habitat or on seed.
- E4
- 15. (twice amended) A method for the desiccation or defoliation of plants, wherein an effective amount of the compound of formula I defined in claim 1, or the salt or the enol form of the compound of formula I in which R³ is hydrogen, is allowed to act on the plants.
 - 16. (twice amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the plants are cotton plants.
 - 26. The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein W is $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$.
 - 27. (amended) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein $R^3{}^\prime$ is $C_1-C_6-{}^\prime\xi S$ alkyl.

- 28. The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein \mathbb{R}^2 is hydrogen or fluorine.
- 29. The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein \mathbb{R}^1 is chlorine or bromine.
- 30. The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^4 is C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl.
- E 6
- 36. (amended) A composition comprising an inert liquid or solid carrier and an effective amount of at least one enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2, wherein the amount is adapted to be effective for a purpose selected from the group consisting of controlling undesirable plant growth, desiccating plants, defoliating plants, and controlling pests.
- 37. A method for controlling undesirable plant growth, wherein an effective amount of the enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2 is allowed to act on plants, on their habitat or on seed.
- 39. A method for the desiccation or defoliation of plants, wherein an effective amount of the enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2 is allowed to act on the plants.
- 40. (amended) The method of claim 39, wherein the plants are cotton F7 plants.
- 43. (three times amended) A compound of formula I



E8

where

 X^1 and X^2 are each oxygen or sulfur;

W is $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CN$, $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$; wherein

R8 is hydrogen;

 R^9 is halogen or C_1-C_6 -alkyl;

 R^{10} is $O-R^{17}$ or $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$;

 R^{15} and R^{16} are each hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -

alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl- C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano, or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, or

- R^{15} and R^{16} together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated or unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic ring consisting of the nitrogen atom to which R^{15} and R^{16} are bonded and from 3 to 6 carbon ring members, or consisting of the nitrogen atom to which R^{15} and R^{16} are bonded and from 2 to 5 carbon ring members and one ring member selected from the group of -O-, -S-, -N=, -NH- and -N(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)-;
- R¹⁷ is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_7 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, cyano- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyloximino- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyloximino- C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,

phenyl or phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where each of the phenyl radicals is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl;

- R1 is halogen, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl;
- R² is hydrogen or halogen;
- R^3 is hydrogen, C_1-C_6 -alkyl or C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl;
- R^4 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl or C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl;
- R⁵ is hydrogen, halogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl;

or a salt of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen, or an enol form of the compound of formula I, which enol form is represented by formula Ia or Ib

FA

$$R^4$$
 X^1
 R^3
 X^2
 X^2
 X^2
 X^3
 X^4
 X^1
 X^2
 X^2
 X^3
 X^4
 X^4

in which R^{3} ' is hydrogen C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl or C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl.

- 44. The compound of formula I or its salt or its enol form of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 43, wherein R¹ is chlorine or bromine.
- 45. The compound of formula I or its salt or its enol form of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 43, wherein R² is hydrogen or fluorine.
- 46. The compound of formula I or its salt or its enol form of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 43, wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl.
- 47. The compound of formula I or its salt or its enol form of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 43, wherein R^4 is C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl.
- 48. The compound of formula I or its salt or its enol form of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 43, wherein W is $-C(R^8)-C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$.
- 49. A composition comprising an inert liquid or solid carrier and an effective amount of at least one compound of formula I or of the salt or the enol form of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 43, wherein the amount is adapted to be effective for a purpose selected from the group consisting of controlling undesirable plant growth, desiccating plants, defoliating plants, and controlling pests.
- 50. (amended) A method for controlling undesirable plant growth, Eq wherein an effective amount of at least one compound of formula I or of the salt or the enol form of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 43, is allowed to act on plants, on their habitat or on seed.
 - 51. (amended) A method for the desiccation or defoliation of plants, wherein an effective amount of at least one compound of formula I or of the salt or the enol form of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 43, is allowed to act on the plants.
 - 53. (new) A compound of formula (i)

wherein

- R⁵ represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C₁-C₄-alkyl;
- R^4 represents optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine substituted C_1-C_4 -alkyl;

E10 R

- R^3 represents hydrogen, amino, optionally cyano-, chlorine- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, or represents C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl or C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl;
- R² represents hydrogen, fluorine or chlorine;
- R1 represents cyano; and
- W represents one of the groupings below $-C(H,R^8)-C(H,R^9)-CO-R^{10} -C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10} \text{ or } -C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CN;$

in which

- R8 represents hydrogen, or respectively optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-substituted C₁-C₄-alkyl;
- R^9 represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or respectively optionally fluorine- or chlorine-substituted C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy;
- R^{10} represents hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl, the grouping $-OR^{17}$ or the grouping $-N(R^{15},R^{16})$, where
- R^{17} represents hydrogen or represents optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine- or $C_1\text{-}C_4\text{-alkoxy-substituted }C_1\text{-}C_6\text{-alkyl}$;
- R¹⁷ furthermore represents respectively optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or bromine-substituted C₃-C₆-alkenyl;
- R¹⁷ furthermore represents C₃-C₆-alkynyl;
- R¹⁷ furthermore represents C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl;
- R¹⁷ furthermore represents respectively optionally cyano-, fluorine, chlorine-, bromine-, C₁-C₄-alkyl-, C₁-C₄-halogenoalkyl-, C₁-C₄-alkoxy- or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-carbonyl- substituted phenyl or phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl;
- R¹⁵ represents hydrogen or represents respectively optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-substituted C₁-C₆-alkyl;
- R¹⁵ furthermore represents respectively optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or bromine-substituted C₃-C₆-alkenyl;

- R¹⁵ furthermore represents C₃-C₆-alkynyl;
- R^{16} represents hydrogen or represents optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl;
- R¹⁶ furthermore represents respectively optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or bromide-substituted C₃-C₆-alkenyl;
- R¹⁶ furthermore represents C₃-C₆-alkynyl;
- R¹⁶ furthermore represents C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl;
- R¹⁶ furthermore represents respectively optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-, C_1 - C_4 -halogenoal-kyl-, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-carbonyl-substituted phenyl; or

 R^{15} and R^{16} together represent C_3-C_6 -alkanediyl.

- 54. (new) An herbicidal composition comprising an herbicidally effective amount of a compound according to claim 53 and an extender or surfactant.
- 55. (new) A method of controlling unwanted vegetation which comprises applying to such vegetation or to a locus from which it is desired to exclude such vegetation an herbicidally effective amount of a compound according to claim 53.
- 56. (new) A diazonium salt of formula

$$R^3$$
 X^1 R^2 R^1 R^2 R^3 X^2 R^2 X^0

wherein

 X^1 and X^2 are oxygen;

- R⁵ represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C₁-C₄-alkyl;
- R^4 represents optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C_1-C_4 -alkyl;
- R^3 represents hydrogen, amino, optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl; or is C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl or C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl;
- R² represents hydrogen, fluorine or chlorine;
- R¹ represents cyano; and
- Xx represents halogen.

APPENDIX III:

PROPOSED COUNT (I):

A compound of formula (A) or formula (B) wherein (1) formula (A) is

$$R^3$$
 O R^4 R^5 R^5 R^6

and the radicals in formula (A) have the following meanings:

- R¹ represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C₁-C₄-alkyl,
- R^2 represents optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine substituted $C_1\text{-}C_4\text{-}alkyl$,
- R^3 represents hydrogen, amino, optionally cyano-, chlorine- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or optionally fluorine-and/or chlorine-substituted C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl,
- R4 represents hydrogen, cyano, fluorine or chlorine,
- R⁵ represents cyano or thiocarbamoyl, and
- R^6 represents one of the groupings below $C(R^7, R^8) C(R^7, R^8) R^9$ or $-C(R^7) = C(R^8) R^9$

in which

- R^7 and R^8 are identical or different and each represents independently of the other hydrogen, hydroxyl, mercapto, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or respectively optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, and
- R^9 represents cyano, formyl, C_1-C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, the grouping $-CO-OR^{10}$ or the grouping $-CO-N(R^{11},R^{12})$, where
- R^{10} represents hydrogen or represents optionally cyano-, fluo-rine-, chlorine- or C_1-C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1-C_{10} -alkyl,
- R^{10} furthermore represents respectively optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or bromine-substituted C_3-C_{10} -alkenyl or C_3-C_{10} -alkenyl,
- R^{10} furthermore represents respectively optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-car-

- bonyl-substituted C_3-C_6 -cycloalkyl or C_3-C_6 -cycloalkyl- C_1-C_4 -alkyl,
- furthermore represents respectively optionally cyano-, fluorine, chlorine-, bromine-, C₁-C₄-alkyl-, C₁-C₄-halogenoalkyl-,
 C₁-C₄-alkoxy-, C₁-C₄-halogenoalkoxy-, C₁-C₄-alkylthio-, C₁-C₄halogenoalkylthio- or C₁-C₄-alkoxy-carbonyl-substituted phenyl, phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, furyl, furylmethyl, tetrahydrofuryl,
 tetrahydrofurylmethyl, thienyl, thienylmethyl, tetrahydrothienyl, tetrahydrothienylmethyl, perhydropyranyl, perhydropyranylmethyl, oxazolyl, oxazolylmethyl, thiazolyl,
 thiadiazolylmethyl, dioxolanyl, dioxolanylmethyl, pyridinyl,
 pyridinylmethyl, pyrimidinyl or pyrimidinylmethyl,
- R^{11} represents hydrogen or represents respectively optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy,
- R¹¹ furthermore represents respectively optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or bromine-substituted C₃-C₆-alkenyl or C₃-C₆-alky-nyl, and
- R^{12} represents hydrogen or represents optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_{10} -alkyl,
- R^{12} furthermore represents respectively optionally fluorine-, chlorine- or bromide-substituted C_3-C_{10} -alkenyl or C_3-C_{10} -alkenyl,
- R¹² furthermore represents respectively optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-carbonyl-substituted C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl or C_3 - C_6 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- furthermore represents respectively optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl-, C_1 - C_4 -halogenoal-kyl-, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-, C_1 - C_4 -halogenoalkoxy-, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio-, C_1 - C_4 -halogenoalkylthio- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-carbonyl-substituted phenyl, phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, furyl, furylmethyl, tetrahydrofuryl, tetrahydrofurylmethyl, thienyl, thienylmethyl, tetrahydrothienyl, thienyl, perhydropyranyl, perhydropyranylmethyl, oxazolyl, oxazolylmethyl, thiazolyl, thiazolyl, thiazolyl, oxadiazolylmethyl, oxadiazolyl, dioxolanylmethyl, pyridinyl, pyridinylmethyl, pyrimidinyl or pyrimidinylmethyl or together with R^{11} represents C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl;

and

(2) formula (B) is

and the radicals in formula (B) have the following meanings: \mathbf{X}^1 and \mathbf{X}^2 are each oxygen or sulfur;

W is $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CN$, $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$; where

R⁸ is hydrogen;

 R^9 is halogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl;

 R^{10} is $O-R^{17}$ or $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$;

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₂-C₆-alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano, or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, or

 R^{15} and R^{16} together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated or unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic ring consisting of the nitrogen atom to which R^{15} and R^{16} are bonded and from 3 to 6 carbon ring members, or consisting of the nitrogen atom to which R^{15} and R^{16} are bonded and from 2 to 5 carbon ring members and one ring member selected from the group of -O-, -S-, -N=, -NH- and -N(C₁-C₆-alkyl)-;

R¹⁷ is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_3 - C_7 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -haloalkenyl, cyano- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyloximino- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyloximino- C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylcarbonyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,

phenyl or phenyl- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, where each of the phenyl radicals is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy and C_1 - C_6 -alkoxycarbonyl;

- R1 is halogen, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl;
- R² is hydrogen or halogen;
- R^3 is hydrogen, C_1-C_6 -alkyl or C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl;
- R^4 is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl;
- R⁵ is hydrogen, halogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl;
- or a salt or an enol form of the compound of formula I in which ${\bf R}^3$ is hydrogen.

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APPENDIX IV:

PROPOSED COUNT (II):

A composition (A) or (B) wherein

(1) composition (A) is

a herbicidal composition comprising a herbicidally effective amount of a compound according to Count I and an extender or surfactant;

and

(2) composition (B) is

a composition comprising an inert liquid or solid carrier and an effective amount of at least one compound according to Count I, or the salt or the enol form of the compound in which R³ is hydrogen, wherein the amount is adapted to be effective for a purpose selected from the group consisting of controlling undesirable plant growth, desiccating plants, defoliating plants, and controlling pests.

APPENDIX V:

PROPOSED COUNT (III):

A method (A) or (B) wherein

(1) method (A) is

a method of controlling unwanted vegetation which comprises applying to such vegetation or to a locus from which it is desired to exclude such vegetation an herbicidally effective amount of a compound according to Count I,

and

(2) method (B) is

a method for controlling undesirable plant growth, wherein an effective amount of the compound according to Count I, or the salt or the enol form of the compound in which R³ is hydrogen, is allowed to act on plants, on their habitat or on seed.

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APPENDIX VI:

PROPOSED COUNT (IV):

A compound of formula (III)

$$R^3$$
 O R^4 R^5 R^1 O N_2^{\oplus} X^{\ominus}

wherein

- R^1 represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- R^2 represents optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- R^3 represents hydrogen, amino, optionally cyano-, fluorine-, chlorine- or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or optionally fluorine- and/or chlorine-substituted C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl,
- R4 represents hydrogen cyano, fluorine or chlorine,
- R⁵ represents cyano or thiocarbamoyl, and
- X1 represents halogen.